

# Inflam-Eze Plus

Comprehensive Support for Healthy Inflammatory Markers\*

Inflam-Eze Plus is a comprehensive herbal formula to support healthy inflammatory markers in the body. The formula is newly updated with additional health promoting benefits.\*

Inflam-Eze Plus is a rich source of phytochemicals that act as free radical scavengers to promote healthy cell reactions to oxidative stress. \$\,^{\dagger}\_{1,2,3}\$ Phytochemicals are bioactive nutrient plant compounds responsible for promoting overall health.\*

## How Inflam-Eze Plus Works

Drawing upon the traditions of Ayurvedic practices, the Inflam-Eze Plus formula contains several potent herbal ingredients all known for their ability to support healthy inflammatory markers in the body. ◆1,2,3

Ginger root powder is the primary ingredient in Inflam-Eze Plus and promotes healthy inflammatory markers in the body through various enzymatic activities. •4,5,6

Inflam-Eze Plus also contains a proprietary blend of curcumin and fenugreek called CurQfen® that is a bioavailable curcumin powder extracted from turmeric. The power of CurQfen® is in its bioactive free-form of curcuminoids to plasma and further into tissues, with improved blood-brain barrier permeability not available in other curcumin supplements. •7,8

Another proprietary ingredient, BioPerine®, has been clinically proven to enhance the bioavailability of curcumin by 2,000% when co-administered. \*9 BioPerine® supports nutrient absorption by enhancing thermogenesis, promoting healthy glucoronidation, and modulating efflux mechanisms. \*10,11,12

Inflam-Eze Plus also utilizes the potent phytochemical properties of Boswellia serrata gum extract, white willow bark extract, and devil's claw extract in promoting healthy inflammatory markers.\* Each of these extracts has a long history of use in traditional medicine practices and proven efficacy as shown in systematic reviews of clinical trials. •13,14,15

The formula is rounded out with xanthohumol, a bioactive flavonoid molecule found in the female hops flower. Studies show it has numerous nutraceutical benefits including promoting healthy inflammatory markers. •16 It is much more potent than other modified derivative forms from the hops plant such as THIAA and RIAA. •16,17

# Inflam-Eze Plus Supplementation

The ingredients in Inflam-Eze Plus are congruous with what research suggests to be effective and safe, particularly for supporting healthy inflammatory markers in the body. Clinical evidence and research cited herein shows that the ingredients in Inflam-Eze Plus may:

- Promote healthy inflammatory markers in the body
- Support healthy immune function and oxidative stress
- Support overall health and well-being



Form: 90/180 Capsules Serving Size: 3 Capsules

Ingredients A	Amount	%DV
Ginger Powder (root; Zingiber officinale)	800 mg	*
Proprietary Mix of Curcumin Extract (rhizome; Curcuma longa L.; 35% curc and Fenugreek Galactomannans Extra Trigonella foenum-graecum) (CurQfen	act (seed;	*
Boswellia serrata Gum Extract (65% boswellic acid)	250 mg	*
White Willow Extract (bark; Salix alba; 25% salicin)	200 mg	*
Hops Extract (flower; <i>Humulus lupulus</i> ; 2% xanthohumol)	150 mg	*
Devil's Claw Extract (root; Harpagophytu procumbens; 1.2% harpagosides)	m 60 mg	*

### Other Ingredients:

Hypromellose, microcrystalline cellulose, vegetable magnesium stearate, silica.

CurQfen® is a registered trademark of Akay Flavours & Aromatics Pvt. Ltd.

#### **Directions:**

Take 3 capsules once daily with food or as directed by your healthcare practitioner.

Caution: If you are pregnant, nursing, or taking medication, consult your healthcare practitioner before use. Keep out of reach of children.











DAIRY-FREE

VEGETARIAN

NON-GMO

PRODUCED IN A

These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.



#### References:

- 1. Percival M. Clin Nutr Insights. 1997;1-5.
- 2. Majdalawieh AF & Carr RI. J Med Food. 2010;13(2).
- 3. Karabin M et al. BioTech Adv. 2015;33(6):1063-1090.
- **4.** Singletary K. *Nutr Today*. 2010;45(4):171-183.
- 5. Grzanna R, Lindmark L, & Frondoza CG. J Med Food. 2005;8(2).
- 6. Ramadan G & El-Menshawy O. (2013). Int J Rheum Dis. 2013;16(2).
- 7. Kumar D et al. *J Func Foods*. 2016;22:578-587.
- 8. Krishnakumar IM et al. J Func Foods. 2015;14:215-225.
- 9. Shoba G et al. Planta Med. 1998;64(4):353-356.
- **10.** Bharadwaj RK et al. *J Pharmacol Exp Ther*. 2002;302(2):645-650.
- 11. Mhaske DB et al. Pharm Anal Acta. 2018;9(7).
- 12. Singh J, Dubey RK, & Atal CK. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 1986;236(2):488-493.
- 13. Maroon JC, Bost JW, & Maroon A. Surg Neurol Int. 2010;1:80.
- 14. Vlachojannis JE, Cameron M, & Chrubasik S. Phytother Res. 2009;23(7):897-900.
- 15. Gagnier JJ, Chrubasik S, & Manheimer E. BMC Complement Altern Med. 2004;4:13.
- 16. Magalhaes PJ et al. Nat Prod Commun. 2009;4(5):591-610.
- 17. Tripp ML et al. Acta Horticulturae. 2009;848.